Librarian Professional Certification Research

Organizers: National Central Library; Library Association of the Republic of China (Taiwan) Date: April 25, 2008 Venue: National Central Library

Symposium on Integrated Retrieval and Utilization of Book Resources

Date: May 2, 2008

Organizer: Library and Information Center, National Kaohsiung First University of Science and Technology (NKFUST) Venue: Library and Information Center, NKFUST

Seminar on Library Bibliotherapy Services

Organizer: Ching Yun University Library and General Education Center Date: May 5, 2008 Venue: Ching Yun University Library

From Library Science to Library & Information Science – Crossing Two Centuries)

Organizer: Department of Library and Information Science, Fu Jen Catholic University Date: May 15 to 16, 2008 Venue: Fu Jen Catholic University

2007 Joint Conference of National Public and Private University Library Directors

Organizer: Ministry of Education Date: May 15 to 16, 2008 Venue: National Chung Hsing University Library

International Symposium on Webometrics and Web Mining

Organizer: Graduate Institute of Library, Information & Archival Studies, National Chengchi University Date: May 23, 2008 Venue: National Chengchi University

Symposium on Academic Journal Review and Publishing Industry Development

Organizer: Information Management Department, Tamkang University Date: June 23 to 24, 2008 Venue: Tamkang University

Exhibitions

Rescuing National Documents—An Exhibition of Rare Books Acquired by the NCL between 1940 and 1941

The National Central Library (NCL) collection of rare books and documents, comprises a large number of high-quality volumes from the Song, Yuan, and Ming periods, was built up through considerable effort. During the years of 1940 and 1941, when China was engaged in the fight against Japan, the library sought and acquired rare books in private collections in war-torn Shanghai.

This highly ambitious and significant effort aimed to prevent important books and documents from falling into foreign hands. Chiang Fu-tsung, then the director-general of the NCL, led a Document Preservation League comprised of



NCL Director General, Dr. Huang Kuan-chung speaks at the opening ceremony for the "Rescuing National Documents" exhibition. (Photo by Pinery S. Wu)



An instruction from the Ministry of Education indicating approval by the Executive Yuan for the allotment of one million yuan to search for and acquire rare books.

several learned people from Shanghai and Hong Kong in conducting the exhaustive search. All of the correspondences, official documents and work reports from the effort have been preserved to the present day.

On the occasion of its 75th anniversary, the NCL is holding a special exhibition of rare books and documents acquired during the search of 1940 to 1941. The exhibition (from April 21 to May 25, 2008) opens a window to the difficulties faced in building the rare book collections and the NCL's leading role in preserving national publications.

CCS News and Activities

CCS Symposium

The Center for Chinese Studies (CCS) invited visiting scholar Valentin Golovachev to present papers at a symposium held on April 11, 2008. Vladmir Maliavin, director of the Institute of Russian and Slavic Studies at Tamkang University, chaired the symposium.

Mr. Golovachev, a CCS scholarship recipient and researcher at the Institute of Oriental Studies under the Russian Academy of Science, delivered a paper in Chinese on the topic of "Taiwan in the New Century: Symbolism, Ceremony and Prejudice in Transformation." The paper analyzed recent political changes in Taiwan.

Mr. Golovachev studies the history of the Wei, Jin and Northern and Southern Dynasties periods. He has also served as a presenter for the Russian language broadcasts of Radio Taiwan International. Mr. Golovachev is also a long-time follower of the progress of ethnic policy and identification in Taiwan, as well as election change in Taiwan. In his paper he noted that in 2000, the Republic of China achieved its first peaceful transition of ruling political party. After the Democratic Progressive Party came into power, many social symbols, national labels, and government agency names changed; national holidays were adjusted; textbooks were revised; new agencies such as the Council for Hakka Affairs and Council of Indigenous Peoples were established; and a "rectification of names" ("Taiwanization") campaign was carried out. These developments altered the collective ceremonies and concepts of society. After the March 2008 election, a series of new policy slogans, objectives and courses appeared in Taiwan's democracy. Regardless of this, Mr. Golovachev stressed that Taiwan must still build consensus to resolve the major social issues facing it, including the ethnic issues that will provide a foundation for building a "Taiwan identity." (Chinese text by Tsai Chia-chiu)



Mr. Valentin Golovachev (front row center) and symposium chair Mr. Vladmir Maliavin (front row right)